

Sequatchie Concrete Service, Inc SAFETY DATA SHEET (SDS)

Ready Mixed Concrete

Section 1. Identification				
Product identifier:	Ready Mixed Concrete			
Other means of identification:	Concrete, Ready Mix Concrete, Concrete Ready Mix, Portland Cement Concrete, Ready Mix Grout, Permeable Concrete, Shotcrete, Colored Concrete, Flowable Fill, Roller- Compacted Concrete, Fiber Reinforced Concrete			
Identified uses:	Concrete is widely used as a structural component in many construction applications.			
Supplier's details:	Sequatchie Concrete Service, Inc.			
	406 Cedar Avenue			
	South Pittsburg, TN 37380			
Emergency telephone	423-837-7913 or 1800-824-7913			
number:	7am-5pm M-F			

Section 2. Hazards Identification				
Classification of mixture:	Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 1 Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 1 Sensitization – Skin: Category 1 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) (Respiratory tract			
	irritation): Category 3			
Signal word:	Danger			
Pictograms:				
Hazard statements:	Cause severe skin burns and serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation.			
Precautionary statements:	Wear protective gloves. Wear eye and/or face protection. Avoid breathing dust. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. May cause eye and skin burns. See Section 4 for additional details. May present risk of engulfment. See Section 7 for additional details. Overexposure to wet concrete can cause severe, potentially irreversible tissue (skin, eye, respiratory tract) damage in the form of chemical burns, including third degree burns. The same severe injury can occur if wet or moist skin is exposed to dry Ready Mixed Concrete dust. Clothing wet with moisture from concrete can transmit the			

Continued	caustic effects to the skin, causing chemical burns. Ready Mixed Concrete may cause skin burns with little warning; discomfort or pain cannot be relied upon to alert a person to a serious injury. Pain or the severity of the burn may not be felt or known until hours after the exposure. Medical conditions which may be aggravated by exposure: Contact with wet concrete may aggravate existing skin conditions. Sensitivity to hexavalent chromium can be aggravated by exposure.
Hazards not otherwise classified:	Not applicable.

Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Substance/mixture:	Mixture (Portland Cement, Coarse Aggregate, Fine Aggregate, Water, Admixtures)			
CAS number:	Not applicable.			
Product code:	Not applicable.			
Ingredient name (Structure of Ready Mixed Concrete may % CAS Numb				
contain the following	lowing in some concentration ranges):			
Quartz (Aggregates)	ggregates) 0-80 14808-60-7			
Limestone (Aggregates)		0-80	131 7-65-3	
Portland cement		0-20	65997-15-1	
Slag cement		0-15	N/A	
Fly ash		0-10	68131-74-8	

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation. Chemical admixtures may be present in ranges of less than 1%.

Individual composition of hazardous constituents may vary between types/different mix designs of Ready Mixed Concrete.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid Measures				
Inhalation:	Seek medical help if coughing or other symptoms persist. Inhalation of large amounts of Ready Mixed Concrete requires immediate medical attention. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If the individual is not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.			
Skin contact:	Get medical attention immediately. Heavy exposure to Ready Mixed Concrete dust, wet concrete or associated water requires prompt attention. Quickly remove contaminated clothing, shoes, and leather goods such as watchbands and belts. Quickly wash or brush away Ready Mixed Concrete. Immediately wash thoroughly			

Continued Eye contact:	 with gently flowing water and non-abrasive pH neutral soap. Seek medical attention for rashes, burns, irritation, dermatitis and prolonged unprotected exposures to wet concrete, concrete mixtures or liquids from wet concrete. Burns should be treated as caustic burns. Ready Mixed Concrete may cause skin burns with little warning. Discomfort or pain cannot be relied upon to alert a person to a serious injury. You may not feel pain or the severity of the burn until hours after the exposure. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately 		
	flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.		
Ingestion:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Have victim rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop giving water if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.		
	Important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:		
Inhalation:	May cause respiratory irritation. Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation, coughing		
Skin contact:	May cause severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur		
Eye contact:	May cause serious eye damage. Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain, watering, redness		
Ingestion:	May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach. Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains		
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary:			
If inhaled:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Prolonged and repeated inhalation of respirable crystalline silica-containing dust in excess of appropriate exposure limits has caused silicosis, fibrosis or scar tissue formations in the lungs. Call a poison center or physician if you feel unwell.		
If on skin:	Wash with plenty of pH neutral soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: get medical attention. Ready Mixed Concrete may contain trace amounts of hexavalent chromium. Hexavalent chromium is associated with allergic skin reactions which may appear as contact dermatitis and skin ulcerations. Persons already sensitized may react to their first exposure to concrete. Other individuals may develop allergic		

	dermatitis after repeated exposure to concrete. The symptoms of allergic reactions		
Continued	may include reddening of the skin, rash, and irritation. Symptoms of chronic		
	exposure to wet concrete may include reddening, irritation, and eczematous rashes.		
	Drying, thickening, and cracking of the skin and nails may also occur.		
If in eyes:	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present		
	and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Exposure to dust may cause immediate or delayed		
	irritation or inflammation. Eye contact by larger amount of dry power or splashes of		
	wet Ready Mixed Concrete may cause effects ranging from moderate eye irritation		
	to chemical burns or blindness. Immediately call a poison center or physician.		
If ingested:	Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach. Ingestion of large quantities may cause		
	severe irritation and chemical burns of the mouth, throat, stomach and digestive		
	tract. Do not ingest Ready Mixed Concrete. Get immediate medical attention.		
Notes to physician:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large		
	quantities have been ingested or inhaled.		
Protection of first-aiders:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It		
	may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.		
	Wear gloves when removing contaminated clothing.		
See toxicological information	on listed in Section 11		

Section 5. Fire-fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media:	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media:	None known.
Specific hazards arising from the product:	No specific fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition	Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, sulfur oxides, metal oxide/oxides
products may include:	
Special protective equipment and	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment.
precautions for fire-fighters:	

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

For non-emergency personnel:	Personnel involved with the handling of wet unhardened concrete should take steps to avoid contact with the eyes and skin, through the use of gloves and suitable clothing as described in Section 8. Silica-containing respirable dust particles may be generated by crushing, cutting, grinding, or drilling hardened concrete or concrete products, and should always be avoided. Follow protective controls defined in Section 8 when handling		
	these products. When cutting, grinding, crushing or drilling hardened		
	concrete, use local exhaust or general dilution ventilation or other		
	suppression methods to maintain dust levels below exposure limits.		
For emergency responders :	For personal protective clothing and equipment requirements, please see		
	Section 8.		
Environmental precautions:	Wet unhardened concrete should be recycled or allowed to harden and		
	disposed. Do not wash concrete down sewage and drainage systems or		
	into bodies of water (e.g. lakes, streams, wetlands, etc.).		
Methods and materials for	Place spilled material into a contained area and allow wet unhardened		
containment and cleaning up spills:	concrete to harden and dispose in a landfill as common solid waste. Follow		
	applicable Federal, State, and local regulations for disposal.		
	Uncontaminated ready mixed concrete is neither a listed nor a		
	characteristic hazardous waste under designations by the USEPA or		
	USDOT.		

USDOT Class: Uncontaminated ready mixed concrete does not meet any hazardous material class definition found in Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations Part 173.

Section 7. Handling and Storage			
Precautions for safe handling:	When required use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure by obtaining and following special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.		
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:	A key to using the product safely requires the user to recognize that Ready Mixed Concrete reacts chemically with water to produce calcium hydroxide which can cause severe chemical burns. Every attempt should be made to avoid skin and eye contact with concrete. Do not get Ready Mixed Concrete inside boots, shoes or gloves. Do not allow wet, saturated clothing to remain against the skin. Promptly remove clothing and shoes that are dusty or wet with concrete mixtures. Launder/clean clothing and shoes before reuse.		

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection				
Ingredient name:	Exposure limits:			
	OSHA PEL:	ACGIH TLV:	NIOSH REL:	MSHA PEL:
Quartz*	TWA: 10 mg/m3 / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form: Respirable	TWA: 0.025 mg/m3 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction	TWA: 0.05 mg/m3 10 hours. Form: respirable dust	N/A
Continued	TWA: 250 MPPCF / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form: Respirable			

Portland cement	TWA: 5 mg/m3 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m3 8 hours. Form: Total dust	TWA: 1 mg/m3 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction	TWA: 5 mg/m3 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 10 mg/m3 10 hours. Form: Total	N/A	
	8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m3 8 hours. Form: Total dust		hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 10 mg/m3 10 hours. Form: Total		
Fly ash*	TWA: 5 mg/m3 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m3 8 hours. Form: Total dust	TWA: 10 mg/m3 10 hours. Form: Total	N/A	N/A	
Slag cement	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
*Each of these ingredients may have crystalline silica (quartz) as a component. The percent of silica varies greatly from product to product and also within the same product. Silica exposure may occur when respirable dust is present. Dust is not present in freshly mixed unhardened Ready Mixed Concrete. Admixtures may be present in quantities of less than 1%.					
Appropriate engineering	Use or	ly with adequate ventila	ation. If user operations	generate dust, use	
controls:	proces	process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to			
	keep v	keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or			
	should	statutory limits. Emissions from ventilation of work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of			
	enviro	environmental protection legislation.			
Individual protection measures (including Personal Protective Equipment):Clean way washing pH neut saturate with clean To prevent or face saturate when wayContinuedUse imp on barrier Concrete		ater should always be readily available for skin and (emergency) eye g. Periodically wash areas contacted by Ready Mixed Concrete with a gral soap and clean, uncontaminated water. If clothing becomes ed with Ready Mixed Concrete, it should be removed and replaced an, dry clothing. ent eye contact, wear safety glasses with side shields, safety goggles shields when handling dust or wet concrete. Wearing contact lenses rorking with concrete is not recommended. pervious, waterproof, abrasion and alkali-resistant gloves. Do not rely fer creams in place of impervious gloves. Do not get Ready Mixed			
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Use impervious, waterproof, abrasion and alkali-resistant boots and long-
sleeved and long-legged clothing to protect the skin from contact with wet
Ready Mixed Concrete. To reduce foot and ankle exposure, wear impervious
boots that are high enough to prevent Ready Mixed Concrete from getting inside them. If finishing concrete, wear waterproof knee pads to protect
knees. Do not get Ready Mixed Concrete inside boots, shoes, or gloves.
Remove clothing and protective equipment that becomes saturated with
concrete and immediately wash exposed areas of the body.
Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved. Footwear and other gear to protect the skin should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. (See OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard 29 CFR 1910.134)

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties				
Appearance (physical	Solid, semi-fluid,		Upper/lower flammability	N/A
state, color, etc.)	flowable, granular paste,		or explosive limits:	
	varying			
	Gray color, varying			
Odor:	Odorless		Vapor pressure:	N/A
Odor threshold:	N/A		Vapor density:	N/A
pH:	Pour solution: 12+		Relative density:	Normal weight
				concrete: 2.2 to 2.6
Melting point/freezing	N/A		Solubility:	N/A
point:				
Initial boiling and boiling	N/A		Partition coefficient:	N/A
range:			n-octanol/water:	
Flash point:	Not flammable. Not		Auto-ignition	N/A
	combustible.		temperature:	
Evaporation rate:	N/A		Decomposition	N/A
			temperature:	
Flammability (solid, gas):	N/A		Viscosity:	N/A

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity			
Reactivity:	Cementitious materials react slowly with water forming hydrated compounds, releasing heat and producing a strong alkaline solution.		
Chemical stability:	The product is stable.		
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.		
Conditions to avoid:	No specific data.		
Incompatible materials:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, acids,		

	aluminum and ammonium salt. Ready Mixed Concrete is highly alkaline and will react with acids to produce a violent, heat-generating reaction. Toxic gases or vapors may be given off depending on the acid involved. Reacts with acids, aluminum metals and ammonium salts. Aluminum powder and other alkali and alkaline earth elements will react in wet mortar or concrete, liberating hydrogen gas. Limestone ignites on contact with fluorine and is incompatible with acids, alum, ammonium salts, and magnesium. Silica reacts violently with powerful oxidizing agents such as fluorine, boron trifluoride, chlorine trifluoride, manganese trifluoride, and oxygen difluoride yielding possible fire and/or explosions. Silicates dissolve readily in hydrofluoric acid producing a corrosive gas - silicon tetrafluoride.
Hazardous decomposition products:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

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Section 11. Toxicological Information							
Likely routes of exposure:	Dermal contact. Eye	contact.	Inhalation.	. Ingestion.			
	Sy	mptoms	:				
Inhalation:	May cause respirato respiratory tract irrit	ry irritati ation, co	on. Advers ughing	e symptom	s may inclu	de the fol	owing:
Skin contact:	May cause severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur						
Eye contact:	May cause serious er pain, watering, redn	ye damaş ess	ge. Adverse	e symptoms	s may incluc	le the foll	owing:
Ingestion:	May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach. Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains						
Delayed and immediate effects:	Repeated or prolong irritation. If sensitize may occur when sub	ed inhala d to hexa sequentl	ation of du avalent chr y exposed	st may lead omium, a s to very low	to chronic evere allerg levels.	respirator ic dermal	y reaction
Numerical measures of toxicity:	No data available.						
Ingredient name:	NPT	IARC	OSHA	MSHA	NIOSH	EPA	ACGIH
Portland cement	Known to be a human carcinogen.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	A4
Quartz	Known to be a human carcinogen.	1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	A2

Section 12. Ecological Information				
Ecotoxicity:	Only relevant in accidental spillages of fresh unhardened concrete. If it reaches water, it can result in a slight rise in pH. Hardened concrete is inert.			
Persistence and degradability:	No data available.			

Bioaccumulative potential :	No data available.
Mobility in soil:	No data available.
Other adverse effects:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

If disposing Ready Mixed Concrete, it should be done in accordance with local, regional, and national regulations.

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.

If disposing this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Process water should not be released to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material must be disposed of in a safe manner. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff in waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport Information			
UN number:	Not regulated.		
UN proper shipping name:	N/A		
Transport hazard class(es):	N/A		
Packing group:	N/A		
Environmental hazards:	None.		
Transport in bulk:	Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code		
Special precautions:	Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.		

Section 15. Regulatory Information

OSHA Hazard Communication: This product is considered by OSHA to be a hazardous material and should be included in the employer's hazard communication program.

CERCLA/SUPERFUND: This product is not listed as a CERCLA hazardous substance.

EPCRA SARA Title III: This product has been reviewed according to the EPA Hazard Categories promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and is considered a hazardous and a delayed health hazard.

EPCRA SARA Section 313: This product may contain substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

RCRA: If discarded in its hardened form, this product would not be a hazardous waste either by listing

characteristic. However, under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the product user to determine at the time of disposal, whether a material containing the product or derived from the product should be classified as a hazardous waste.

TSCA: Portland Cement and crystalline silica are exempt from reporting under the inventory update rule.

California Proposition 65: Crystalline silica (airborne particulates of respirable size) and Chromium (hexavalent compounds) are substances known by the State of California to cause cancer.

WHMIS/DSL: Products containing crystalline silica and calcium carbonate are classified as D2A, E and are subject to WHMIS requirements.

Section 16. Other Information

Date of last revision:

May 2016

***NOTICE TO READER/PRODUCT USER:**

While the information provided in this safety data sheet is believed to provide a useful summary of the hazards of ready mix concrete as it is commonly used, this safety data sheet cannot anticipate and provide all of the information which might be needed in every situation. Inexperienced product users should obtain proper training before handling or using this product. Users should review any other relevant safety data sheets before working with this particular product or working on or with other ready mix concrete associated products. If product user has purchased the product from Sequatchie Concrete Service, Inc. ("SCS"), then user acknowledges that any such purchase is subject to SCS Standard Terms and Conditions of Sale. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, SCS makes no warranty, either express or implied, of any kind or of any nature whatsoever concerning this product or the merchantability or fitness thereof for any particular purpose or concerning the accuracy of any information provided by SCS, except that the product shall conform to any applicable contracted specifications. The information provided herein was believed by SCS to be accurate at the time of preparation, or was prepared from sources believed to be reliable, but it is the responsibility of the user to investigate, consult and understand any other pertinent sources of information to comply with all laws and procedures applicable to the safe handling, processing and use of the product and to determine the suitability of the product for its intended use. SCS's maximum obligation to user for the product shall be limited only to replacement or allowance of credit for any nonconforming product. Accordingly, user expressly agrees that SCS shall have no liability for loss or damage in excess of the price received for nonconforming or defective product or for losses or damages of any nature whatsoever, whether based on contract, breach of warranty, negligence, or otherwise, incurred or suffered by user or any other person or entity and user expressly releases SCS from any liability for any amounts in excess of the replacement of any such nonconforming (including defective) materials. In no event will SCS be liable for incidental or consequential damages. User must give SCS written notice within forty-eight (48) hours after delivery of any claim against SCS as a result of any alleged nonconforming materials or any other cause whatsoever, time being of the essence. SCS will be given reasonable opportunity to investigate all claims. Any failure by User to give written notice within such forty-eight (48) hour period will be deemed a conclusive waiver by User of all such claims against SCS.